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FIXPOSITION

QUICK START GUIDE Vision-RTK 2



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Content

Technical data	1
Setup overview	2
Step 1 - Power on the Vision-RTK 2	3
Step 2 - Connect to the Web-interface	4
Step 3 – Configure network	5
Step 4 - Configure GNSS corrections	6
Step 5 - Configure the Fusion engine	7
Step 6 - Configure output	8
Step 7 - Check GNSS Status	9
Step 8 – Check camera view	10
Step 9 - Start the Fusion engine	11
Step 10 - Calibrate the IMU	12
Data logging and customer support	13
Software update	14

Technical data

Technical details

Maximum output rate	100Hz
Positioning accuracy (RTK Fix only)	1.0 cm + 1 ppm R50
Heading accuracy	0.4° (1 m baseline)
Velocity accuracy	0.1 m/s
Maximum velocity	22 m/s
Position error as % if distance traveled in GNSS outages	0.75 %1
Acquisition time	25 s (cold start)
¹ Automotive mode with wheel odometry input	

Communication and configuration

Data formats	NMEA, ROS1, ROS2, Fixposition messages, others
Operation modes	Automotive, Generic, Lawnmower, Ground robot
RTK correction format	RTCM3
Data interfaces (input/output)	UART, TCP, CAN
Time synchronization	PPS, PTP, NTP

Hardware

	Supported GNSS constellations	
	· GPS/QZSS (L1C/A, L2C)	
Dual RTK receivers	· Galileo (E1B/C, E5B)	
	· Beidou (B1I, B2I)	
	· GLONASS (L10F, L20F)	
Camera	CMOS with global shutter, 120° DFOV	
IMU	Accelerometer and gyroscope	
Internal storage	16 GB flash memory	
Time synchronization	PPS, PTP, NTP	

Interfaces

Wired inputs/outputs	2x UART, CAN, Ethernet, USB-C
Wireless	Wi-Fi 802.11 ac/a/b/g/n
GNSS antenna connector	2x SMA
Camera inputs	2x MIPI CSI-2

Electrical specifications

Supply voltage range	5-36 V DC
Typical power consumption	10 W
Mechanical specifications	
Dimensions (L \times W \times H)	114 × 129 × 30 mm
Weight	420g
Environmental specifications	

Operating temperature	-30°C to +85°C
Certifications	IP66 - water and dust resistance

Setup overview

 Power on the Vision-RTK 2 (<u>Step 1</u>) and connect to the sensor over Ethernet or Wi-Fi (<u>Step 2</u>)

Ethernet	10.0.2.1
Wi-Fi	10.0.1.1
SSID	fp-xxxxx
password	1234567890



 Provide internet access to the Vision-RTK 2 (<u>Step 3</u>)

Wi-Fi client		Connected
Connection		Actions
fixposition	Connected Default 192.168.43.19/24	8 🗹 🗊

3. Provide RTK corrections via NTRIP (<u>Step 4</u>)



- Head into an open area with a clear view of the sky to achieve an RTK fixed on both GNSS receivers (<u>Step 7</u>)
- GNSS Status RTK Fixed RTK Float Single 3D No Data
- 5. Start the Fusion engine (<u>Step 9</u>) and perform IMU calibration (<u>Step 10</u>)



Step 1: Power on the Vision-RTK 2

1. To power on the Vision-RTK 2, either:

- A. Connect the Vision-RTK 2 to an external power supply
- B. Connect the battery provided with the starter kit



2. To power off the Vision-RTK 2, simply disconnect the power supply

- Ensure the power cable is securely fastened to the Vision-RTK 2.
- The power supply must be able to deliver 10 W at a 5-36 V voltage. The absolute maximum ratings are -14 V to 40 V, and operating conditions are 4.5 V to 36 V.
- Do not disconnect the power while recording, as information might be lost. After stopping a recording, wait at least 15 seconds before powering down.
- While it is possible to power the Vision-RTK 2 via the USB-C port, it is not recommended to do so during operation.

Step 2: Connect to the Web-interface

- 1. Connect the Vision-RTK 2 either via:
 - A. Ethernet (recommended)
 - Connect the provided Ethernet cable to your network
 - Open the browser and visit http://fp-xxxxx.local/
 - B. Wi-Fi
 - Plug the provided Wi-Fi antenna to the Vision-RTK 2
 - Connect to the Wi-Fi SSID fp-xxxxx using the default password 1234567890
 - Open the browser and visit http://fp-xxxxx.local/



- Wi-Fi is only suitable as a service interface. Use Ethernet for regular operation
- Connect the Wi-Fi antenna as the range without it is limited to only half a meter
- To change the Wi-Fi access point password, refer to *Section 5.2.6* of the <u>Integration manual</u>. To set up a password for the web interface, refer to *Section 5.14*
- When employing an intermediary device, such as a router, configure the sensor as a DHCP client. The network's DHCP server will assign a dynamic IP to the sensor. Thus, the 10.0.1.1 and 10.0.2.1 IPs do not apply anymore
- To configure a static IP, please refer to Section 5.2.7 of the Integration manual

Step 3: Configure network

GNSS corrections for the Vision-RTK 2 are typically delivered over the internet, which necessitates connectivity to a network with internet access.

- 1. Navigate to Configuration ↔ Network
- 2. Establish a network connection over:
 - A. Ethernet (recommended)
 - Connect the Vision-RTK 2 to the desired network
 - Set the Vision-RTK 2 as DHCP client or DHCP server depending on the network topology

Ethernet		Default route Connected
Connection		Actions
dhcp-client	Connected Default 172.22.1.44/20	8 E
dhcp-server		8 E
static-ip		8 Z

B. Wi-Fi

- Select the active Wi-Fi band (2.4 or 5 GHz)
- On the Wi-Fi client tab, click Add Wi-Fi connection
- Search for available networks, select one, and type in the password to connect
- Wait until the connection is established (the label "Connected" will appear)

Wi-Fi client		Connected
Connection		Actions
fixposition	Connected Default 192.168.43.19/24	8 🗹 🧊
Add Wi-Fi conne	ection	

- The Vision-RTK 2 can only access the Internet if set as a DHCP client or with an static IP
- An Ethernet connection is always prioritized over Wi-Fi for Internet access
- Set the network as default to automatically reconnect to it after a disconnection or reboot
- 2.4 GHz is preferred over 5 GHz for Wi-Fi connections due to its range and reliability
- The only supported Wi-Fi security configuration is **wpa-psk** (WPA2)
- The network SSID must be alphanumeric
- Most Wi-Fi 6E access points use 802.11ax by default, which is not supported. It must be configured to one of the supported bands

Step 4: Configure GNSS corrections

- 1. Navigate to Configuration ↔ GNSS
- 2. Select a source for corrections among:
 - A. NTRIP client (recommended)
 - Fill in the required configuration fields (optionally, can also be filled using a path)

Correction stream	×
Enter the correction data stream path: - NTRIP: user:pass@host:port/mount - TCP: tcpcli://host:port	
Stream path	
	Cancel

B. I/O port

• Send appropriate RTCM3 messages to any I/O port. In this configuration, the built-in NTRIP client is disabled, and the sensor does not need an Internet connection

C. TCP client

Connect to any TCP/IP host that provides the appropriate RTCM3 messages. In this configuration, the sensor does not need an Internet connection

- The geodetic coordinate system is defined by the correction service provider
- Ensure that your selected correction stream has a base-station nearby (ideally closer than 15km) or good VRS coverage
- For more information, refer to Section 5.5 of the Integration manual

Step 5: Configure the Fusion engine

1. Navigate to Configuration ↔ Fusion

2. Select the tuning mode based on the following table

Mode	Application	v range	ω Range
Generic	Default mode that covers most platforms' dynamics	± 3 m/s	± 1.5 rad/s
Slow robot	Dynamics similar to that of a slow-moving robot	± 3 m/s	± 0.5 rad/s
Lawnmower	Dynamics similar to that of a lawnmower	± 3 m/s	± 1.0 rad/s
Car	Dynamics similar to that of a passenger car	± 22 m/s	± 0.5 rad/s

3. Set the GNSS antenna extrinsics within millimeter accuracy



- Providing wheelspeed measurements is recommended for optimal performance
- If using the Starter Kit, select the **Standard Starter Kit** preset to retrieve the extrinsics
- The Autostart option enables the Fusion Engine to initialize automatically on system boot-up
- If the baseline check error pop-up appears, please verify your GNSS extrinsics and check that the selected base-station is closer than 25km (refer to **Section 5.13** of the <u>Integration manual</u>)
- The GNSS extrinsics are set relative to the 'X' on the sensor
- The antenna reference point refers to its phase center (see antenna datasheet)

Step 6: Configure output

- 1. Navigate to Configuration \Rightarrow I/O to the **Output generators** section
- 2. Set the Output frequency (Hz), Output translation (m), and Output rotation (degrees)

Fusion output frequency	10
Fusion output offset	0.000 2
TF output frequency	1
NMEA format	High-precision ~
Output translation	x 0.0000 y 0.0000 z 0.0000
Output rotation	yaw (z) 0.(pitch (y) 0 roll (x) 0.00



Fusion output				3
FP_A-	🕑 UART1	UART2	CP0	TCP1
ODOMETRY	🗌 ТСР2	🗌 ТСРЗ	TCP4	
FP_A-LLH	UART1	UART2	🗌 ТСРО	TCP1
	🗌 ТСР2	🗌 ТСРЗ	🗌 ТСР4	
NOV_B-	UART1	UART2	🗌 ТСРО	TCP1
INSPVAX	□ ТСР2	□ ТСРЗ	TCP4	
NMEA-GP-	UART1	UART2	🗌 ТСРО	TCP1
GGA_FUSION	TCP2	□ ТСРЗ	TCP4	
NMEA-GP-	UART1	UART2	С ТСРО	TCP1
HDT_FUSION	TCP2	□ ТСРЗ	TCP4	
IMU data				
	UART1	UART2	🗌 ТСРО	🗌 ТСР1
FP_A-RAWIMU	TCP2	🗌 ТСРЗ	TCP4	CANSTR

3. Navigate to **Output messages** section and select the desired messages and output channels

- The output translation is set relative to the 'X' on the sensor
- The high-precision NMEA format contains non-standard fields which allow higher precision in the timing, position, and heading values
- A higher output frequency requires a higher I/O bandwidth. For example, IMU messages require significant bandwidth and should be enabled with discretion
- All available messages are documented at https://docs.fixposition.com/fd/i-o-messages
- For the LLH output, the sensor assumes that the correction data employs the WGS84 geodetic datum
- Enabling more messages will consume more CPU resources and might impact the sensor's performance. Only enable them when necessary, preferably on one port only

Step 7: Check GNSS status

- 1. Navigate to Status ↔ GNSS
- 2. Ensure the correction data is connected and stable

Correction data connected					
	Stability	Latency	Update rate	Data rate	Message rate
Last 10 seconds	Good	0.5 s (max 1.4 s)	1.0 Hz	0.7 KiB/s	6.6 msgs/s
Last minute	Good	0.5 s (max 1.4 s)	1.0 Hz	0.7 KiB/s	6.5 msgs/s
Last 5 minutes	Good	0.5 s (max 1.5 s)	1.0 Hz	0.7 KiB/s	6.5 msgs/s
Last 15 minutes	Good	0.4 s (max 1.5 s)	1.0 Hz	0.7 KiB/s	6.5 msgs/s
Last 30 minutes	Good	0.4 s (max 1.5 s)	1.0 Hz	0.7 KiB/s	6.5 msgs/s

3. Ensure both of the GNSS receivers to be of "RTK Fixed" status



- Initialize outdoors, as some casters require an initial position estimate to provide corrections
- Most signals should ideally be above 42 dBHz
- Antenna state and power should be **OK** and **On**
- If an RTK fixed is not achieved in less than two minutes, move away from obstructions, ensure no USB3 devices or unshielded cables are near the GNSS antennas, and verify that your selected base-station is closer than 25km

Step 8: Check camera view

- 1. Navigate to Configuration ↔ Camera
- 2. Ensure that feature-sparse regions and static objects (e.g., vehicle's structure) are cropped from the image





- The auto-exposure of the camera is affected by the crop mask
- The sensor can look forwards or backwards
- Employ an external lighting source if working in low-lighting conditions

Step 9: Start the Fusion engine

- 1. Navigate to Status ↔ Fusion
- 2. Click the *Start* button and head into an open area with a clear view of the sky to achieve an "*RTK fixed*" on both GNSS receivers. This process should take less than 2 minutes



3. Ensure that all message outputs on the status page are activated and the arrow in the map is accurately indicating the heading of the sensor



Step 10: Calibrate the IMU

The Vision-RTK 2 requires a start-up procedure before being fully operational. The user must ensure the following requirements are fulfilled to start the calibration procedure:

- 1. Ensure both receivers obtain RTK fixed status
- 2. Start the Fusion engine, and ensure extrinsics are correct
- 3. Move the sensor under RTK fixed status with some dynamic motion
 - Move in the shape of eight roughly sized at 10m
 - Move back-and-forth a few times over a stretch of 10m



4. Calibrate until IMU biases are converged (*IMU status* must show "*Converged*")

Fusion engine	Fusion status	IMU status	IMU noise	Wheelspeed status
Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
Running (Car)	Not started (wait for GNSS)	Converged	Excessive noise	Not configured
Stopped (Car)	Initialized (wait for IMU)	Not converged	Medium noise	Not used
	Initialized (wait for WS)		Low noise	Converged
	Initialized (wait for IMU/WS)			Not converged
	Initialized			

- After converging, the IMU biases will be saved to be used on the next initialization procedure. Thus, the calibration will be significantly faster
- The IMU biases will continue to be estimated any time the sensor is under "RTK fixed"
- IMU's *"Excessive noise"* only indicates that the measurements present significant mechanical vibrations; however, this is not necessarily noise (e.g., moving on rocky terrain)

Data logging and customer support

- 1. Navigate to System → Logs
- 2. Choose the logging location
 - A. Internal disk: Embedded memory, max. around 6 GB (up to ~20min of "Maximal" recording)
 - B. External USB: Storage connected to USB-C port. May consume additional CPU resources
 - C. Download: Stream the log file in real-time using standard HTTP. This is the preferred method, but needs a stable and reliable Ethernet connection (available since 2.85.3)
- 3. Choose the logging level
 - A. Minimal: Smallest file, only minimal data (e.g., no camera). Limited reprocessing capabilities
 - B. Medium: Larger file, does not record all data (e.g., camera only at 2 Hz). Most reprocessing capabilities are available, but only limited fine-tuning is possible
 - C. Maximal: Largest file, contains all data. Allows to fully reprocess the trajectory
 - D. Debug logs: System log used to identify issues when a recording is unavailable
- 4. Retrieve the logs from the web-interface by clicking on the log name

Record logs				8 1 D * A
Status	Stopped		Participant Partic	2024-03-14
Location 🕕	Internal disk 🗢	2	Bayer Nor Bann Ne	R user@email.com
Profile 🚯	Maximal recording +	3	Family Hard Hongshi Hanno Handing Server Davis Hongan Hard Town	Urban Canyon 99 Description
Record	Disk usage 1'813 of 5'888 MiB used	l (4'074 free)	Benges Marke Benges Marke Benge	INK FLOAT 20 20 MORED DECKEY NOTE NA 0 ImNil 12.045 0 GHS51 Trajectory Downsampled 0 GHS51 Trajectory Downsampled 0 VRTK2 Internal Trajectory Downsampled 0 VRTK2 URTK2 Output Trajectory Downsampled 0 G VRTK2
🗌 File 🕈		Size	Taja Prefenar Deermeen Originational Taja Prefenar	Reports (Second Second
<u>2024-02-29-13</u>	<u>3-31-11 minimal</u> 4	1'466 MiB		Time Slider
Delete selected file	s	Refresh	Page and Pag	00:00:00.000 Þ 00:14:56.828

- 5. Get support
 - A. Browse the Vision-RTK 2 Documentation for rich description of all features
 - B. Email <u>support@fixposition.com</u> to get access to the <u>Fixposition Dashboard</u>, and upload the log files to the <u>Fixposition Data Uploader</u>¹ to accelerate debugging and analyze the sequence
 - C. Report other technical issues at **Fixposition JIRA platform**
 - D. Request customer support at support@fixposition.com

¹ All shared data is visible only to the uploader, the uploader's company domain (if explicitly asked to do so), and selected Fixposition employees.

Software update

- 1. Navigate to System ↔ Update
- 2. Drag/drop the corresponding SWU file inside the marked area.
- 3. Wait for a few minutes for the update to process. The sensor will automatically restart after the update is completed

FIXPOSITION	Reboot
🗲 Software Update	
Click here, or drag and drop a software update image this area.	file to
Update not started.	

- Software updates are released at <u>Current Software Version</u>
- Software updates are released every 6-10 weeks. Please email support@fixposition.com to be added to the distribution list